LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

301 State House (317) 232-9855

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 6408 DATE PREPARED: Feb 20, 2001 **BILL NUMBER:** HB 1066 **BILL AMENDED:** Feb 20, 2001

SUBJECT: Failure to Pay for Motor Vehicle Fuel.

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FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

 $\overline{\underline{X}}$ DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation</u>: (Amended) This bill provides that if a person commits theft or conversion in which the person knowingly or intentionally leaves the place where fuel was dispensed into the fuel tank of the person's motor vehicle without paying or authorizing payment for the gasoline or motor vehicle fuel, the driving license of a person shall be suspended for 30 days, subject to reinstatement upon payment of a ten dollar reinstatement fee. The bill provides exceptions to the requirement that a person whose driver's license or vehicle registration has been suspended for reasons other than for failure to provide proof of financial responsibility provide the bureau of motor vehicles a certificate of compliance concerning financial responsibility. The bill also makes conforming amendments.

Effective Date: July 1, 2001.

Explanation of State Expenditures: (Revised) A Class D felony is punishable by a prison term ranging from six months to three years or reduction to Class A misdemeanor depending upon mitigating and aggravating circumstances. The average expenditure to house an adult offender was \$20,700 in FY 1999. Individual facility expenditures ranged from \$14,936 to \$37,807. (This does not include the cost of new construction.) If offenders can be housed in existing facilities with no additional staff, the average cost for medical care, food, and clothing is approximately \$1,825 annually, or \$5 daily, per prisoner. The average length of stay in DOC facilities for all Class D felony offenders is approximately ten months.

Explanation of State Revenues: (Revised) If additional court cases occur and fines are collected, revenue to both the Common School Fund and the state General Fund would increase. The maximum fine for a Class D felony is \$10,000 and for a Class A misdemeanor is \$5000. Criminal fines are deposited in the Common School Fund. If the case is filed in a circuit, superior, or county court, 70% of the \$120 court fee that is assessed and collected when a guilty verdict is entered would be deposited in the state General Fund. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 55% of the fee would be deposited in the state General Fund.

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This bill also provides that a person who commits fuel theft shall have their driver's license suspended for 30 days, subject to reinstatement upon payment of a \$10 reinstatement fee. These fees would be deposited into the Motor Vehicle Highway Account that supports the BMV.

Explanation of Local Expenditures: If more defendants are detained in county jails prior to their court hearings, local expenditures for jail operations may increase. A class A misdemeanor is punishable by up to one year in jail. The average cost per day is approximately \$44.

Explanation of Local Revenues: If additional court actions occur and a guilty verdict is entered, local governments would receive revenue from the following sources: (1) The county general fund would receive 27% of the \$120 court fee that is assessed in a court of record. Cities and towns maintaining a law enforcement agency that prosecutes at least 50% of its ordinance violations in a court of record may receive 3% of court fees. (2) A \$3 fee would be assessed and, if collected, would be deposited into the county law enforcement continuing education fund. (3) A \$2 jury fee is assessed and, if collected, would be deposited into the county user fee fund to supplement the compensation of jury members.

State Agencies Affected: Department of Correction; Bureau of Motor Vehicles.

Local Agencies Affected: Trial courts, local law enforcement agencies.

<u>Information Sources:</u> Indiana Sheriffs Association, Department of Correction.

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